

\*the definition of youth used here is people ages 0-17, or people under the age of majority.

There is a need for large coalition governance structures in youth liberationist organizations. The presence of a large coalition governing structure whether in youth-run schools, youth-run housing, youth-run newspapers, youth-run political organizations, youth-run witness protection programs and more dictates the success of these programs and whether they result in the distribution of resources and human rights or fail and are used for exploitation and oppression by political actors who may or may not be allied with the parent-slaver agenda.

Large coalition governance structures being integral to youth liberationist organizations will make sure of the accountability of their leadership, policies, rules and protocols to those they serve. Refusing to set up large coalition governance in youth liberationist clubs, schools, housing complexes and political organizations will result in youth being exploited and oppressed while money is funneled upward. Even having accurate youth liberationist rhetoric coming from youth liberationist organizations requires that those organizations be accountable to a large coalition drawn from youth (0-18) at large. The key is that the highest leader or governing authority in the organization should be accountable to the largest winning coalition possible that does not go over 50/100.

Small coalition governance structures will naturally result in looting of the funding for youth liberationist programs and result in an abundance of ineffective private projects funded at the expense of youth. Schools with small coalition governance structures will refuse/fail to teach practically useful curriculum to youth. This in particular a small coalition of youth, where the entire nominal selectorate is made up of the entire student body and a small group of youth are part of the winning coalition, exploiting the rest of the school to their benefit. Alternatively, we have the way schools are now, where youth aren't even part of the nominal selectorate and the winning coalition is made up entirely of school board officials, most of them parent-slavers.

The presence of a lightning-tied-large-coalition government is essential for proper functioning of youth liberationist organizations. Every youth organization should enfranchise only their full list of participating youth. They should then decide policies by vote, any youth being able to propose an unlimited number of laws unconditionally, pass, change, and repeal laws with a 50% +1 absolute majority or a coalition smaller than 50% but as close to it as possible.

The lightning tied large coalition governance structure works as follows. Any youth in the nominal selectorate (so any youth) can propose, vote to pass, or vote to repeal any policy, rule, or protocol. Any policy, rule or protocol which reaches 50% +1 votes will get passed. Similarly, if a proposal to repeal any policy, rule, or protocol gets 50% + 1 votes, it will be repealed. Any youth in the nominal selectorate can vote at any time against the current leader of the organization, and a 50% + 1 vote of no confidence means the leader is deposed and elections are called. Alternatively, any youth can vote for a new named leader at any time, and if that

proposal gets 50% + 1 votes, that new person becomes leader and the current leader is deposed. Youth can also vote for policy along with a new leader, to combine electing a leader with passing policy. In this case, a named leader is paired with specific policy in a proposal. If and when the leader is elected, the specific policies, rules, and protocols go into immediate effect and are enforced. This means that political promises become enforced law every time a new leader is elected, regardless of whether the leader intends to or acts to default on her campaign promises. This means that policy can be proposed, passed, or repealed at any time by anyone and all it requires is a 50% + 1 vote in favor. This also means that any leader can be elected or deposed at any time and every youth has a tangible power to affect rules and leadership. In this way, every vote matters. In addition, every leader should have the power to hire and fire organization staff at will, without explanation. This ensures accountability to the coalition, no matter where staff are on the organizational ladder. This makes sure that elected leaders are both powerful and accountable, which is a great recipe for a youth liberationist organization. Each leader will list out their policy promises during the election, and those policies are immediately enforceable as law once the leader is elected. There are also three judges who can vote on the leader at any time, on the question of whether the leader has violated at any time the enforceable policies (campaign promises) that they got elected on. If the majority vote is that the leader has violated these policies (campaign promises), the leader is immediately deposed and a new election is called. The judges will be elected by a large coalition, requiring 50% + 1 votes to gain office.

We will now list a few great governance structures for youth liberationist organizations:

**The Tied Lightning Government:**

The tied lightning government requires that all policies and elections be held by a rolling referendum that is always active. This means that leaders can be elected and deposed at any time and policies can by law be passed, altered, and repealed at any time. This government also has the unique feature of cementing election promises as law, such that those promises become automatically enforceable as soon as the leader is elected.

**The randomized president government:**

In this case, after a leader is deposed via a vote of no confidence / the rolling referendum, voters can create an empty ballot with their desired campaign promises but without a candidate. In this case, when the empty ballot gains a 50%+1 vote, the new leader is randomly selected from the nominal electorate. In this government, a candidate has no political power over the future policy of the nation other than their own individual vote as a member of the nominal electorate. In this way, insiders cannot collude to make sure that money and power prevent poorer more representatives candidates and policy proposals from getting elected.

**The Tortoise and the Hare Government:**

The tortoise and the hare government requires that all proposed policies must gain 40% + 1 votes to become law, the candidate must gain 40% + 1 votes to become leader or judge, and repeals must gain 40% + 1 votes to repeal a law. In cases where there are two competing

policies, such as voting in favor of a law and voting against that same law, the proposal that reaches 40% + 1 votes *first* is the one to pass. After that, a rolling vote (held online 24 hrs a day and 7 days a week, 365 days a year) will be held where people can either withdraw their previous votes (if they already voted it in) or add their votes (if they previously hadn't voted or voted no). If the enforced policy ever drops below 40% + 1 votes, it is repealed. The same goes for leaders and judges, who will be subject to these rolling votes. The main benefit of this government is that it is both large coalition and specific to the size of the coalition. Majority rule governments are hard because the size of the coalition is not always clear. By taking away 10% from the 50% + 1, we account for the population kids who are too young to vote (usually 2 or younger), and so keep the real size of the winning coalition below 50% but above 40% and so in the Goldilocks zone for good governance.

The majority government:

The majority government is the least sound of the listed governments, as its winning coalition is hidden beneath the idea of a majority vote. The majority government rules via absolute majority of 50% + 1, at least on theory. In practice, however, it may be as simple as taking 100% minus the 50% + 1 votes needed to pass policy and elect officials, or it may be any other smaller or larger number. Youth liberationists might want to favor the tortoise and the hare government over the majority one, as the tortoise and the hare government is more reliable in producing a large coalition structure.

These youth liberationist organizations should have as large a nominal electorate as possible in addition to a large coalition. For example, the nominal electorate of a youth run school should be every kid in the country who chooses to register with that school. In addition, registration should be made quick and easy to prevent creating NIMBY (Not in my backyard) situations with registration where more politically powerful socioeconomic classes of people seek to keep out the less powerful. To make sure registration happens the right way, registration should not go through a bureaucracy, but through the leader herself. In the same way, local youth-run newspapers should have a nominal electorate that spans the entire number of youth in the community they report on. National youth-run newspapers should have a nominal electorate that spans the entire country. Youth-run housing/apartment complexes should have a nominal electorate that spans the number of kids who have stayed there at least once in the last ninety days.

Keeping the nominal electorate large will mean a strong need for participation on the part of youth. Youth liberationist organizations and individual youth liberationists should run constant campaigns on the importance of participation in youth-run organizations. These participation campaigns should go on forever, even after youth liberation has come. Youth liberationist organizations should also make small penalties for not participating which will incentivize people to participate more. For example, being fined between \$1-20 for missing an election or missing a certain number of referendums on policies. The penalty should be small so that it does not cripple a kid's finances, even when the penalties are added up, they are still not crippling to a kid's finances.

Keeping the coalition large in these organizations is important because both a large coalition and a large nominal selectorate are the only requirements for well functioning democratic organizations. Whether it is a youth-run food bank or a youth-run newspaper, these two conditions must be met in order for them to do their job. A small-coalition youth-run newspaper is just propaganda, and a small-coalition youth-run food bank is just a means to exploit hunger among youth for personal financial gain.